RHT Climate Transmitter

WM and DM models



USER GUIDE V1.4x D







Applies to devices with firmware version starting with V1.4x.

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SAFETY ALERTS

1

The symbols below are used in the device and throughout this manual to draw the user's attention to valuable information related to device safety and use.



All safety recommendations appearing in this manual must be followed to ensure personal safety and prevent damage to the instrument or system. If the instrument is used in a manner other than that specified in this manual, the device's safety protections may not be effective.

2 INTRODUCTION

RHT *Climate* Transmitters Wall Mount (WM) and Duct Mount (DM) models have high-precision, stable sensors for measuring temperature and relative humidity. Being micro processed devices, they allow full configuration via USB or RS485 interface via a Modbus RTU command.

SigNow configuration software or app allows you to configure the features of the device, as well as perform diagnostics on the analyzed information.

Apart from the **temperature** and **relative humidity** values, which are read directly from the sensor, the transmitter calculates the value of the following psychrometric properties¹:

- Dew Point Temperature
- Wet Bulb Temperature
- Absolute Humidity
- Frost Point Temperature
- Specific Enthalpy
- Partial Vapor Pressure
- Mixture Ratio

Any variable read by the sensor or calculated by the device can be transmitted via one of the two available analog outputs. You are also allowed to configure the electrical operating level of each output:

- 0-10 V
- 4-20 mA

Two digital outputs with alarm or control functions can be related to any variable read or calculated by RHT Climate Transmitter.

The following options are also available:

- RS485
- Display with Backlight
- Audible signal

It is important that you read the manual before using this device and check that the versions of the manual and the device match. The firmware version number is displayed at the moment the device is powered on.

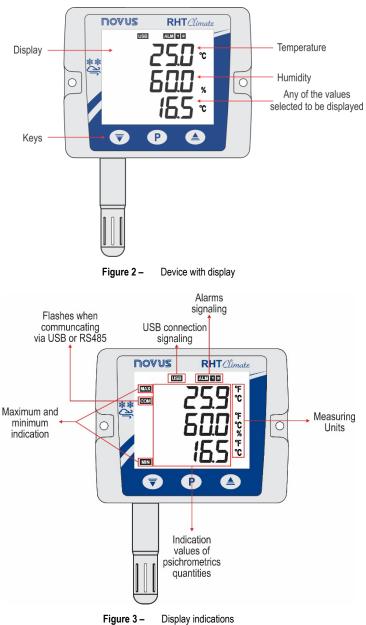
¹ Psychrometry is the study of thermodynamic properties of dry air and water vapor mixtures. Obtaining the psychrometric properties is crucial in the psychrometric processes of air conditioning, refrigeration, cooling and freezing, air humidification and dehumidification, drying and dehydration of humid devices, as well as in environmental and meteorological control.

3 IDENTIFICATION

3.1 MODELS WITHOUT DISPLAY



3.2 MODELS WITH DISPLAY



Key P: Key used to advance the parameters and parameters cycles. A short touch advances parameters within a cycle. A long touch advances parameters cycle.

Key 🔽 : Key used to decrease parameters. A long touch when displaying the home screen performs the action linked to the second function of the key:

- None.
- Clears registered minimum and maximum values.

Key (A): Key used to increase parameters. A long touch when displaying the home screen performs the action linked to the second function of the key:

- None.
- Mutes the buzzer.
- Mutes the buzzer and turns off the alarm outputs.

3.3 DEVICE MODELS

The RHT *Climate* Transmitter line is available in various configurations:

- Wall Mount Model (WM): Recommended for wall mounting.
- Duct Mount Model (DM): Recommended for duct mounting. DM models are available with a stainless steel (S) sensor probe and with lengths of 150 mm, 250 mm, or 400 mm.

The table below shows all available models:

MODEL	RS485	DISPLAY	STAINLESS STEEL PROBE
RHT Climate-WM-485-LCD	~	~	
RHT Climate-WM-485	~		
RHT Climate-DM-150S-485	~		150 mm
RHT Climate-DM-150S-485-LCD	~	~	150 mm
RHT Climate-DM-250S-485	~		250 mm
RHT Climate-DM-250S-485-LCD	~	~	250 mm
RHT Climate-DM-400S-485	~		400 mm
RHT Climate-DM-400S-485-LCD	~	~	400 mm

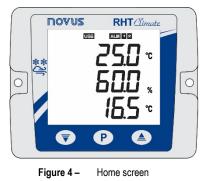
Table 1 – Available models

4 DISPLAY INDICATIONS

4.1 HOME SCREEN

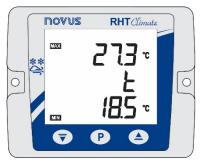
The home screen displays 3 lines:

- 1) Line 1 displays the temperature read by the sensor.
- 2) Line 2 displays the value of relative humidity.
- 3) Line 3 displays the value of the option selected when configuring the device.

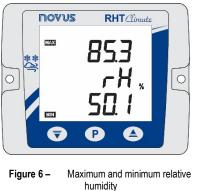


4.2 DISPLAYING MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM VALUES

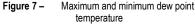
To navigate to the secondary screens, you need to press the key P with a short touch from the home screen. With each short touch of the key, the display will show the following screens:



Maximum and minimum temperature







On the central line, the display will show the name of the variable to which the maximum and minimum values refer:

• **L**: Temperature

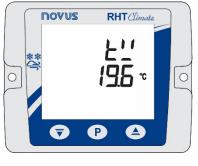
Figure 5 –

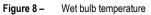
- *r***H**: Relative humidity
- **Ed**: Dew point

On the upper line of the display is the MAX symbol, followed by the maximum value for that magnitude. On the lower line of the display is the MIN symbol, followed by the minimum value. If no key is pressed for 15 seconds, the display will return to the home screen.

4.3 DISPLAYING OTHER PSYCHROMETRIC PROPERTIES

After the screens of maximum and minimum values, are available screens for viewing other psychrometric variables. The device will advance one screen each short touch of the key P, respecting the following sequence:





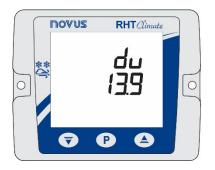


Figure 9 – Absolute humidity

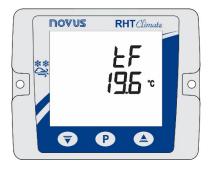
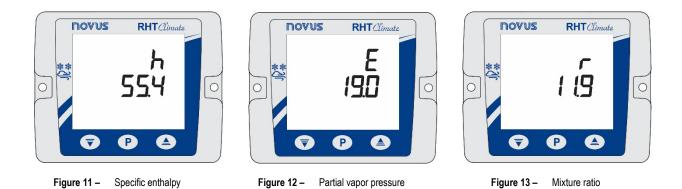


Figure 10 - Frost point temperature



4.4 SIGNALS

- ALM + 1: Indicates that the alarm 1 output is in alarm condition.
- ALM + 1 flashing: Indicates that the alarm 1 output is in alarm condition, but the output is disabled due to overcurrent protection.
- ALM + 2: Indicates that the alarm 2 output is in alarm condition.
- ALM + 2 flashing: Indicates that the alarm 2 output is in alarm condition, but the output is disabled due to overcurrent protection.
- BUZZER: The buzzer may be activated in 3 conditions:
 - o BUZZER output alarm.
 - $\circ~$ ALM1 output alarm if the buzzer is enabled in alarm 1 configuration.
 - $\circ~$ ALM2 output alarm if the buzzer is enabled in alarm 2 configuration.
- USB: Indicates that the device is connected to a USB port.
- COM flashing: Indicates that the device is responding to a data request or command.
- **nnnn**: Indicates that the value to be displayed on one of the lines is above the display limit.
- UUUU: Indicates that the value to be shown on one of the lines is below the display limit.

5 INSTALLATION

5.1 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

5.1.1 RHT Climate WM

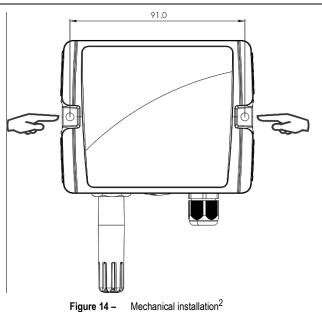
The RHT *Climate* Transmitter WM model was designed to be secured to a wall by two mounting holes on the transmitter, as shown in Figure 14. Mounting should follow the sequence of steps below:

- Use the device perforation template to mark the position of transmitter mounting bore holes.
- Make the two holes using a drill with bit number 6. The bore holes should be deeper than the size of bushings.
- Insert bushings in holes. Bushings should be completely inserted into the wall.
- Position the transmitter on the wall, aiming to align with the perforations, and use bolts to secure it to the wall.



Bolts and bushings do not come with the device.

The device should be mounted with the sensor capsule facing downward to ensure the specified precision and protection rating.



5.1.2 RHT Climate DM

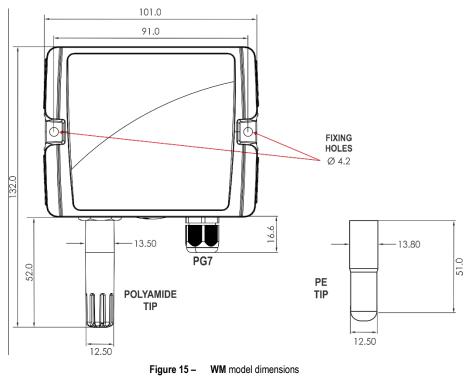
The RHT *Clumate* Transmitter DM model it is mounted via a flange. First the flange is mounted on the duct wall, then the transmitter rod is inserted into the central bore hole on the flange and secured.

NOVUS AUTOMATION

² Dimensions in millimeters.

5.1.3 DIMENSIONS³

5.1.3.1 RHT Climate TRANSMITTER - WM MODEL



5.1.3.2 RHT Climate TRANSMITTER - DM MODEL

The figure below shows the flange dimensions and perforation:

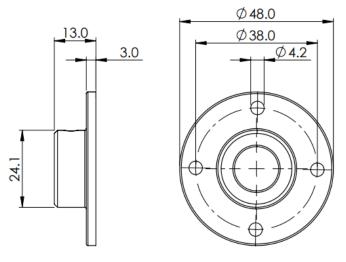


Figure 16 – Flange for mounting DM model

NOVUS AUTOMATION

 $^{^{3}}$ Dimensions in millimeters.

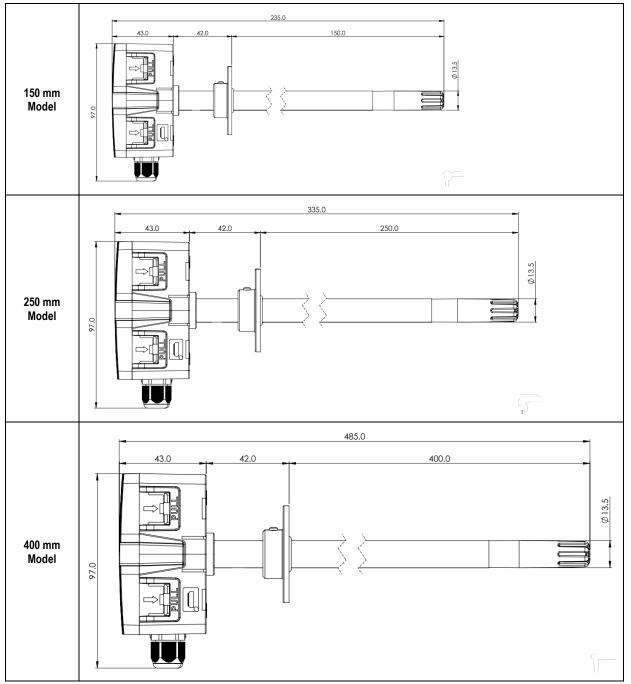


Figure 17 – DM model dimensions with metallic probe

 $^{^4}$ The figures show the dimensions of the RHT ${\it Climate}$ Transmitter with the Polyamide tip.

5.1.4 REMOVING AND INSTALLING THE FRONT COVER

To remove the front cover, insert a screwdriver. It is necessary to fit in the lateral handles and to force it lightly until realizing its release. The procedure should be repeated on each of the side handles of the device, as shown in the figures below. With all sides clear, the cover can be easily removed:





Figure 18 - Removing the front cover of the transmitter

Figure 19 – Removing the front cover of the transmitter

To install, fit the cover onto the base by pressing it with care to fully secure the transmitter, as shown in the figure below:



Figure 20 – Device cover fitting

5.2 TYPES OF TIPS

NOVUS offers 2 types of tips, which can be purchased from authorized distributors:

• Polyamide tip (see figure beside): It has side openings that allow the sensor to be more exposed to the environment in which it was installed, having a shorter response time. This tip comes with RHT *Climate* Transmitter.

Order code: 8803900150



High Density Polyethylene (PE) tip (see figure beside): Made of a porous material, it protects the sensor from dust and other solid particles. However, by reducing contact with the environment to be measured, the response time of this tip tends to be longer than that of the Polyamide tip (see Note 1).

Order code: 8803900130

Note 1: This increase in response time depends, among other things, on the speed of the air (or gas) where the sensor is inserted.

5.2.1 INSTALLATION

- 1. Remove the tip from RHT by slowly unscrewing it. When removing it, take care that only the tip rotates in the equipment.
- 2. The sensor circuit board will be exposed. It must not be touched!
- 3. Screw in the new tip carefully. It is not necessary to force the thread at the end.

5.3 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

5.3.1 INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS

- Signal conductors should run through the plant separately from the power supply and output conductors. If possible, in grounded conduits.
- · The power supply for electronic instruments must come from an appropriate grid for instruments.
- RC FILTERS (noise suppressor) are recommended in contactor coils, solenoids, etc.
- In control applications, it is essential to consider what could happen when some part of the system fails. The device's internal devices do not
 ensure total protection.
- Grounding helps limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the grounding connection by using the grounding bolt and the grounding plane before turning on the device.

5.3.2 SPECIAL PRECAUTION

Because the transmitter is an electronic module, it requires some care when handling:

- When opening the transmitter to connect electrical wiring, avoid contact with the electronic circuit due to the risk of damage caused by static electricity.
- Pay close attention when connecting wires.
- Remember to pass all wires through a cable clip before completing electrical connections.
- When closing the housing, the cover should be placed again properly, ensuring proper sealing for this model.



5.3.3 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

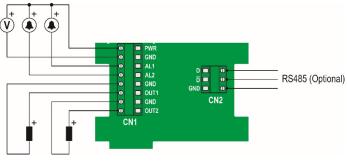


Figure 21 - Electrical connections

* Connector CN2 is only mounted on models that have RS485 interface (Optional).

5.3.4 USB CONNECTION

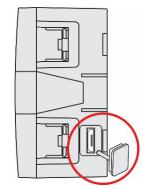


Figure 22 – USB cable connection

5.4 SENSOR MAINTENANCE

5.4.1 PRECAUTIONS WITH SENSORS



The sensor used in the RHT *Climate* Transmitter is a device that is sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Whenever the sensor is touched, measures need to be taken to prevent ESD damage.

The sensor may be damaged or lose its calibration if exposed to atmospheres contaminated with chemical agents. Hydrochloric Acid, Nitric Acid, Sulfuric Acid and Ammonia at high concentrations can damage the sensor. Acetone, Ethanol and Propylene Glycol can cause reversible measurement errors.

The humidity sensor calibration can be altered if it is exposed to contaminating vapors or extreme humidity and temperature conditions for prolonged periods. To speed up calibration restore, proceed as described below:

- Carefully remove the sensor from the capsule, avoiding contact with bare hands (it must be removed with the use of plastic tweezers or clean antistatic gloves).
- If there are solid particles on the sensor, wash it with deionized water at room temperature.
- Place the sensor in an oven at 120 °C (+/-10 °C) for 6 hours.
- Carefully replace the sensor in the capsule.

It is also possible to clean or dry the sensor using filtered and oil-free air, taking care that the air jets do not mechanically damage the sensor.

5.4.2 SENSOR REPLACEMENT

In case of damage, the humidity and temperature sensor may need to be replaced. To perform this procedure, follow the steps below:



Step 1: Disconnect the transmitter from the power supply and remove the USB cable if it is connected. Locate the sensor protective tip.

This example shows the sensor replacement of an RHT *Climate* DM Transmitter. In it, the sensor is located at the end of the rod.



Step 2: Remove the tip by turning it counterclockwise.

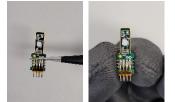


Step 3: Without the tip the sensor will be exposed. Remove it by pulling it forward to disconnect it.



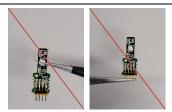
Step 4: Connect the new sensor to the rod tip connector with the aid of plastic tweezers or clean antistatic
gloves, avoiding pushing or engaging the sensor by hand only.





Hold the sensor only by its terminals, using plastic tweezers or new gloves.





Do not hold the sensor by the sensor element. Do not use metal tweezers. Do not touch the sensor without wearing gloves.



• Step 5: Place the protection tip again and turn it clockwise to secure it to the device.



Once the sensor is replaced, it will be automatically recognized by the equipment.

6 PARAMETER CYCLES

The configuration parameters are clustered in affinity groups, called parameter cycles. The 10 parameter cycles are:

CYCLE	ACCESS
1 – Primary Cycle: In this cycle are the screens for viewing the psychrometric variables.	Unrestricted access
2 – Dut / Cycle: In this cycle are the configuration parameters of the transmission 1 output.	
3 – Dשלצ Cycle: In this cycle are the configuration parameters of the transmission 2 output.	-
4 - ศิLភ I Cycle: In this cycle are the configuration parameters of the alarm 1 output.	
5 – אבהב Cycle: In this cycle are the configuration parameters of the alarm 2 output.	-
6 – היבצ Cycle: In this cycle are the configuration parameters of the buzzer.	-
7 – IH. Cycle: In this cycle are the HMI configuration parameters.	Enables the protection mode of these cycles
8 - d IRG Cycle: In this cycle are the parameters for forcing values of temperature, relative humidity and transmission outputs, alarm, and buzzer.	
9 – โฏิភ Cycle: In this cycle, you can configure parameters related to RS485 Modbus communication.	-
10 - EnFG Cycle:	-
You must enter the device password to access the parameters in this cycle. The parameters allow the selection of the measurement units, the adjustment of the atmospheric pressure, besides the offsets and the digital filters for the sensor readings. You also can enable the protection of the configuration parameters and change the password.	
11 - Information Cycle:	
In this cycle are displayed the serial number (5n) and the firmware version (F rri) of the device.	

Table 2 – Parameter cycles

7 CONFIGURATION

RHT *Climate* Transmitter has a set of parameters that allows the configuration of its two transmission outputs and its two alarm outputs and can assigning the psychrometric properties below to each of them. The properties can be expressed in the International System of Measures (SI) or in the English System of Measures (US).

		SI			US		
Psychrometric properties		Min.	Max.	Unit	Min.	Max.	Unit
Temperature (measured value)	F	-40	100	°C	-40	212	°F
Relative humidity (measured value)	гH	٥	100	% RH	0	100	% RH
Dew point temperature (calculated value)	Łd	-90	100	°C	- 130	212	°F
Wet bulb temperature (calculated value)	El	-40	100	°C	-40	212	°F
Absolute humidity (calculated value)	du	0	600	g/m³	0	262	gr/ft³
Frost point temperature (calculated value)	F	-90	100	°C	- 130	212	°F
Specific enthalpy (calculated value)	Ь	-40	*00000	kJ/kg	- 18	300945*	BTU/lb
Partial vapor pressure (calculated value)	E	٥	1035	mbar	٥	15	psi
Mixture ratio (calculated value)	r	0	260000*	g/kg	0	1820000*	gr/lb

Temperature and relative humidity are the only variables that are measured directly from the sensor that comes with the device. All other measurements are obtained via algorithms that can lead to slight variations in relation to the real values.

Table 3 - Psychrometric properties

7.1 ANALOG OUTPUTS Dut 1/ Dut2

The configuration cycle for analog outputs 1 and 2 allows you to assign:

- The psychrometric property related to the output.
- The default electrical output.
- The value to be shown in case of error in the sensor reading.
- The excursion range of the transmitted psychrometric property.

Note: When the lower limit is defined with a value higher than the higher limit, the output current operates from 20-4 mA to 10-0 V.

7.1.1 Psychrometric property to be transmitted by the analog outputs Dut 1/ Dut2

It allows you to configure the psychrometric property to be transmitted by the analog outputs Dut I / Dut2.

	Psychrometric property to be transmitted	Default: oFF	Modbus register value
	Outputs Dut 1/Dut2 off	oFF	0
	Temperature	F	1
Due I TERS	Relative humidity	ч	2
112113	Dew point temperature	Łď	3
	Wet bulb temperature	Ľ	4
0E2 EA5	Absolute humidity	Ъ	5
112113	Frost point temperature	FE	6
	Specific enthalpy	h	7
	Partial vapor pressure	E	8
	Mixture ratio	r	9

 Table 4 – Psychrometric property to be transmitted

7.1.2 Analog outputs Out 1/ Out2 operating mode

It allows you to configure the type of electric signal to be used by the analog outputs Dut I / Dut2.

Dut I riodE	Signal type of the analog outputs Dut 1/ Dut2	Default: 4-20	Modbus register value
Dut2	Analog output 1 operating in 4-20 mA mode	4-20	0
inodE	Analog output 1 operating in 0-10 V mode	0-10	1

Table 5 - Analog outputs operation mode

7.1.3 Lower transmission range limit of analog outputs Dut 1/ Dut2

			SI				US		
	Lower transmission range limit of analog outputs Dut 1 / Dut2	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
	Temperature L	-40	100	°C	-40	-40	212	°F	-40
	Relative humidity -H	۵	100	% RH	٥	0	100	% RH	0
Dut 1	Dew point temperature Ed	-90	100	°C	-90	- 130	212	°F	- 130
L-Lo	Wet bulb temperature L '	-40	100	°C	-40	-40	212	°F	-40
	Absolute humidity d	۵	600	g/m³	0	0	262	gr/ft³	0
Dut2 L-Lo	Frost point temperature LF	-90	100	°C	-90	- 130	212	°F	- 130
	Specific enthalpy h	-40	*00000	kJ/kg	-40	- 18	300945*	BTU/lb	- 18
	Partial vapor pressure E	٥	1035	mbar	٥	0	15	psi	0
	Mixture ratio <i>r</i>	۵	260000*	g/kg	0	0	·820000*	gr/lb	0

It allows you to configure the lower full-scale for analog outputs Dut I / Dut2.

Table 6 - Lower transmission range limit

* These values exceed the maximum value shown in the display. Through the HMI, you can adjust up to the 19999 limit. When configured by SigNow, these parameters can be adjusted up to the values shown in the table above. When accessing these parameters from the HMI, however, the nnnn value will be displayed.

7.1.4 Upper transmission range limit of analog outputs Dut 1/ Dut2

It allows you to configure the upper full-scale for analog outputs Dut I / Dut2.

			S	61			ι	JS	
	Lower transmission range limit of analog outputs Dut I / Dut2	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
	Temperature	-40	100	°C	100	-40	212	۴F	212
	Relative humidity	٥	100	% RH	100	٥	100	% RH	100
Dut I	Dew point temperature	-90	100	°C	100	- 130	212	۴F	212
L-H,	Wet bulb temperature	-40	100	°C	100	-40	212	°F	212
	Absolute humidity	۵	600	g/m³	600	0	262	gr/ft³	262
0u22 L-H 1	Frost point temperature	-90	100	°C	100	- 130	212	°F	212
	Specific enthalpy	-40	*00000	kJ/kg	*00000	- 18	300945*	BTU/lb	300945*
	Partial vapor pressure	٥	1035	mbar	1035	0	15	psi	15
	Mixture ratio	۵	260000*	g/kg	260000*	0	1820000*	gr/lb	1820000*

Table 7 – Upper transmission range limit

* These values exceed the maximum value shown in the display. Through the HMI, you can adjust up to the 19999 limit. When configured by SigNow, these parameters can be adjusted up to the values shown in the table above. When accessing these parameters from the HMI, however, the **nnnn** value will be displayed.

7.1.5 Status of analog outputs Dut I/ Dut2 in case of sensor error

It allows you to configure the status of analog outputs Dut I/ Dut2 in case of error in the sensor reading.

Dut I Err	Value of analog outputs 미나니 미나온 in case of error	Default: Lo	Modbus register value
Dut2	Sets analog outputs Dut I / Dut 2 to the minimum value in case of error in the sensor reading.	Lo	0
Err	Sets the analog outputs Dut I / Dut2 to the maximum value in case of error in the sensor reading.	Ні	1

Table 8 - Value of analog outputs Dut 1/ Dut2 in case of error

7.2 ALARM OUTPUTS RLii / RLii2

All **RHT** *Clumate* **Transmitter** models have 2 alarm outputs, which can also be used with ON/OFF control outputs. For models with display, there is the additional feature of an internal buzzer for audible signaling. For each alarm output and for the buzzer, the following can be configured:

- The associated psychrometric property
- Alarm type Lo, H , L--H, -LH-
- The setpoints
- Hysteresis
- Output condition in case of sensor error
- Timing

The configuration cycle for alarms **RLi** / **RLi** 2 allows for assigning the psychrometric property associated with alarm outputs **RLi** / **RLi** 2, the operating mode for alarms **RLi** / **RLi** 2 (type of alarm), activation points for alarms **RLi** / **RLi** 2, their timing values, inhibition of alarm condition when turning the device on, and the alarm activation mode in case of sensor reading error.

The figure below shows how the alarm outputs are activated and deactivated according to the type of alarm selected.

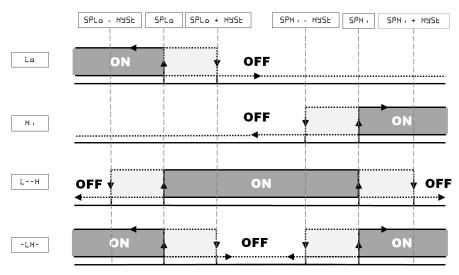


Figure 23 – Alarm output activation and deactivation

RHT *Climate* Transmitter allows for 4 timing options for its alarm outputs and for the buzzer:

- Normal operation
- Activation for set time
- Delay in activation
- Intermittent activation

The figures in the table below show the behavior of alarm outputs with these activation variations defined by the LOP and LOFF time intervals:

OPERATION	£0n	ŁOFF	ACTION
Normal operation	0	0	Alam Output Alarm Event
Activation with set time	1 to 6500 s	0	Alarm Output ▲ Alrm Event
Delayed activation	0	1 to 6500 s	Alarm Output Alarm Event
Intermittent activation	1 to 6500 s	1 to 6500 s	Alarm Output Alarm Event

Table 9 - Timing functions for alarms

The **Initial Blocking** option prevents alarm activation if there is an alarm condition when the controller is turned on. The alarm is only enabled after the process passes through a non-alarm condition.

The initial block is useful, for example, when one of the alarms is configured as minimum value alarm, potentially setting off the alarm right when the process is started up, which is often undesirable behavior.

Initial blocking is not valid for the Open Sensor function.

7.2.1 Psychrometric property associated with alarms RLil/RLi2

	Psychrometric property associated with alarms RLT1/RLT2	Default: Ł	Modbus Register Value
	Temperature	Ł	1
	Relative humidity	гH	2
ALA I AERS	Dew point temperature	٤d	3
NENG	Wet bulb temperature	EL	4
RL72	Absolute humidity	dU	5
TER5	Frost point temperature	ŁF	6
	Specific enthalpy	h	7
	Partial vapor pressure	E	8
	Mixture ratio	r	9

It allows you to configure a psychrometric property that will be associated with alarms RLTI/RLT2.

 Table 10 –
 Psychrometric property associated to the alarms

7.2.2 Activation mode for alarms RLTI / RLT2

It allows you to turn off alarms RLil/RLie or configure them to operate as one of the alarm types indicated below:

	Activation mode for alarm outputs RLT // RLTP	Default: oFF	Modbus Register Value
RLā I	Off	۵FF	0
TodE	Sets off alarm in case of sensor error	íErr	1
5 -10	Sets off alarm below setpoint SPLo	Lo	2
ALii2 JiodE	Sets off alarm above setpoint SPH .	н	3
	Sets off alarm between SPLo and SPH .	LH	4
	Sets off alarm below SPLo and above SPH	-LH-	5

Table 11 – Activation mode for alarm outputs RLil/RLi2

7.2.3 Lower Setpoint for activating alarms RLi I/RLi2

It allows you to configure the setpoint for alarms Lo, L--H, and -LH-.

			SI				US				
	Setpoint lower than alarm outputs RLTI / RLT2	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default		
	RLī.1/RLī2 for temperature	-40	100	°C	-40	-40	212	°F	-40		
	RL. I / RL. 2 for relative humidity	0	100	% RH	0	0	100	% RH	0		
ALT I	RL.I / RL.Z for dew point temperature	-90	100	°C	-90	- 130	212	°F	- 130		
SPLo	RL.I / RL.Z for wet bulb temperature	-40	100	°C	-40	-40	212	°F	-40		
ALTS	RLTI/RLT2 for absolute humidity	0	600	g/m³	٥	0	262	gr/ft³	0		
SPLo	RL.I.I.RL2 for frost point temperature	-90	100	°C	-90	- 130	212	°F	- 130		
	RLTI / RLT2 for specific enthalpy	-40	*00000	kJ/kg	-40	- 18	300945*	BTU/lb	- 18		
	RLii I / RLie for partial vapor pressure	0	1035	Mbar	٥	0	15	psi	0		
	RLī. I / RLī.2 for mixture ratio	0	260000*	g/kg	0	0	1820000*	gr/lb	0		

Table 12 - Setpoint lower than alarm outputs RLTI / RLT2

* These values exceed the maximum value shown in the display. Through the HMI, you can adjust up to the 19999 limit. When configured by SigNow, these parameters can be adjusted up to the values shown in the table above. When accessing these parameters from the HMI, however, the **nnnn** value will be displayed.

7.2.4 Higher Setpoint for activating alarms RLTI/RLT2

It allows you to configure the setpoint for alarm types H I, L--H, and -LH-.

			s	I	US				
	Setpoint higher than alarm outputs RLiil / RLii2	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
	RLTI/RLT2 for temperature	-40	100	°C	100	-40	212	°F	212
	RLI / RL2 for relative humidity	0	100	% RH	100	0	100	% RH	100
ALT I SPh i	RLTI/RLT2 for dew point temperature	-90	100	°C	100	- 130	212	°F	2 12
	RLTI/RLTZ for wet bulb temperature	-40	100	°C	100	-40	212	°F	212
RLT2 SPH	RLTI/RLT2 for absolute humidity	0	600	g/m³	600	0	262	gr/ft³	262
2000	RLTI/RLT2 for frost point temperature	-90	100	°C	100	- 130	212	°F	212
	RLהו / RLה2 for specific enthalpy	-40	*00000	kJ/kg	*00000	- 18	300945*	BTU/lb	300945*
	RLTI/RLT2 for partial vapor pressure	0	1035	mbar	1035	0	15	psi	15
	RLTI/RLTZ for mixture ratio	0	260000*	g/kg	260000*	0	1820000*	gr/lb	1820000*

 Table 13 –
 Setpoint higher than alarm outputs RLT1 / RLT2

* These values exceed the maximum value shown in the display. Through the HMI, you can adjust up to the 19999 limit. When configured by SigNow, these parameters can be adjusted up to the values shown in the table above. When accessing these parameters from the HMI, however, the **nnnn** value will be displayed.

7.2.5 Hysteresis for turning off alarms RLTI/RLT2

It allows you to adjust the differential for turning off alarms RLT / RLT2.

		SI				US			
	Output hysteresis of alarms RLin1/RLin2	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
	RL. I / RL. Z for temperature	0	20	°C	0	0	20	°F	٥
	RLii / RLi2 for relative humidity	0	20	% RH	0	0	20	% RH	0
RLā (RLii I / RLii2 for dew point temperature	٥	20	°C	0	0	20	°F	٥
HAZF	RLii I / RLii2 for wet bulb temperature	٥	20	°C	0	0	20	°F	٥
BLT2	RLii I / RLii2 for absolute humidity	0	20	g/m³	0	0	20	gr/ft³	0
HYSE	RL. I / RL. Z for frost point temperature	0	20	°C	0	0	20	°F	٥
	RLTI / RLT2 for specific enthalpy	0	20	kJ/kg	0	0	20	BTU/lb	٥
	RLii / RLi2 for partial vapor pressure	0	20	mbar	0	0	20	psi	٥
	RL. I / RL. Z for mixture ratio	0	20	g/kg	0	٥	20	gr/lb	0

Table 14 – Output hysteresis of alarms RLi I/ RLi 2

7.2.6 Alarms ALT // ALT on time

	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
RLā I LOn Time of alarms on.	D	6500	s	٥
RLii2 EOn				

Table 15 – Time of alarms on

7.2.7 Alarms RLT1/ RLT2 off time

_		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
RLā I					
ŁOFF	Time of alarms off.	_			-
ALT2 EDFF		٥	6500	5	٥

Table 16 - Time of alarms off

7.2.8 Initial blocking of alarms RLil/RLi2

It allows blocking the activation of alarms **RLTI / RLT2** if the transmitter starts up in alarm condition.

ALT I BLA	Initial blocking of alarms RLii I / RLii2	Default: YES	Modbus Register Value
RLā2	Without initial blocking of alarms RL. 1 / RL. 2.	no	0
	With initial blocking of alarms RLT / RLT2.	YE5	1

Table 17 – Initial blocking of alarms RLTI / RLT2

7.2.9 Status of alarms RLil / RLi2 in case of sensor error

It allows you to configure the outputs from alarms RLil / RLil so that they are activated in case of sensor reading error.

ALā I Err	Status of alarm outputs RLTI / RLT2 in case of sensor error	Default: oFF	Modbus Register Value
RLā2	Alarms RL I / RL2 off	oFF	0
Err	Alarms ALii I / ALii2 on	on	1

Table 18 - Status of alarm outputs RLTI/RLT2 in case of sensor error

7.2.10 Enable buzzer activation linked to alarms RLil/RLi2

It allows you to enable buzzer activation linked to alarms RLTI/ RLT2.

8Li I 6u22	Enable buzzer for alarm outputs RLT / RLT2	Default: d5bL	Modbus Register Value
RLT2	The buzzer will not be activated when alarms RLTI/RLT2 occur.	dSbL	0
bu22	The buzzer will be activated when alarms RLiiI / RLii2 occur.	EnbL	1

 Table 19 –
 Enable buzzer for alarm outputs **RLi1 / RLi2**

7.3 BUZZER CONFIGURATION CYCLE

The buzzer configuration cycle allows for assigning the psychrometric property associated with the buzzer, the buzzer operating mode (type of alarm), buzzer activation points, their timing values, inhibition of alarm condition when turning the device on, and the buzzer activation mode in case of sensor reading error.

7.3.1 Psychrometric property associated with the buzzer

It allows you to configure the psychrometric property that will be associated with the buzzer.

	Psychrometric property associated with the buzzer	Default: Ł	Modbus Register Value
	Temperature	Ł	1
	Relative humidity	rH	2
	Dew point temperature	Ed	3
Pn55	Wet bulb temperature	Fil	4
TER5	Absolute humidity	40	5
	Frost point temperature	ĿF	6
	Specific enthalpy	h	7
	Partial vapor pressure	E	8
	Mixture ratio	r	9

 Table 20 –
 Psychrometric property associated with the buzzer

7.3.2 Buzzer activation mode

It allows you to turn off the buzzer or configure it to operate as one of the alarm types set forth below:

	Buzzer activation mode	Default: oFF
	Off	oFF
	Activates the alarm in case of sensor error	Ærr
bu22 NodE	Activates alarm below setpoint SPLo	Lo
HOOL	Activates alarm above setpoint SPH .	Н,
	Activates alarm between SPLo and SPH.	LH
	Activates alarm below SPLo and above SPH .	-LH-

Table 21 - Buzzer activation mode

7.3.3 Lower psychrometric property setpoint for buzzer activation

It allows you to configure the setpoint for alarms Lo, L--H, and -LH-.

		SI US							
	Psychrometric property	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
	Temperature	-40	100	°C	-40	-40	212	°F	-40
	Relative humidity	0	100	% RH	0	0	100	% RH	0
	Dew point temperature	-90	100	°C	-90	- 130	212	°F	- 130
Pn55	Wet bulb temperature	-40	100	°C	-40	-40	212	°F	-40
SPLo	Absolute humidity	0	600	g/m³	0	0	262	gr/ft³	0
	Frost point temperature	-90	100	°C	-90	- 130	212	°F	- 130
	Specific enthalpy	-40	*סססססר	kJ/kg	-40	- 18	300945*	BTU/lb	- 18
	Partial vapor pressure	0	1035	mbar	0	0	15	psi	0
	Mixture ratio	٥	260000*	g/kg	0	0	1820000*	gr/lb	0

Table 22 – Psychrometric property

* These values exceed the maximum value shown in the display. Through the HMI, you can adjust up to the 19999 limit. When configured by SigNow, these parameters can be adjusted up to the values shown in the table above. When accessing these parameters from the HMI, however, the **nnnn** value will be displayed.

7.3.4 Higher Setpoint for buzzer activation

It allows you to configure the set point for alarm types H I, L--H, and -LH-.

			SI				ι	s	
	Higher Setpoint for buzzer activation	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
	Temperature	-40	100	°C	100	-40	212	°F	212
	Relative humidity	0	100	% RH	100	0	100	% RH	100
	Dew point temperature	-90	100	°C	100	- 130	212	°F	212
bu22	Wet bulb temperature	-40	100	°C	100	-40	212	°F	212
SPH	Absolute humidity	۵	600	g/m³	600	0	262	gr/ft³	262
	Frost point temperature	-90	100	°C	100	- 130	212	°F	212
	Specific enthalpy	-40	*סססססר	kJ/kg	*סססססר	- 18	300945*	BTU/lb	300945*
	Partial vapor pressure	0	1035	mbar	1035	0	15	psi	15
	Mixture ratio	۵	260000*	g/kg	260000*	0	1820000*	gr/lb	1820000*

Table 23 - Higher Setpoint for buzzer activation

* These values exceed the maximum value shown in the display. Through the HMI, you can adjust up to the 19999 limit. When configured by SigNow, these parameters can be adjusted up to the values shown in the table above. When accessing these parameters from the HMI, however, the **nnnn** value will be displayed.

7.3.5 Hysteresis for turning off buzzer

It allows you to adjust the differential for turning off the buzzer.

			SI				U	s	
	Hysteresis for turning off buzzer	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
	Temperature	٥	20	°C	0	0	20	°F	0
	Relative humidity	٥	20	% RH	٥	0	20	% RH	٥
	Dew point temperature	٥	20	°C	0	٥	20	°F	0
Pn55	Wet bulb temperature	٥	20	°C	٥	0	20	°F	0
HYSE	Absolute humidity	٥	20	g/m³	٥	٥	20	gr/ft³	0
	Frost point temperature	٥	20	°C	0	٥	20	°F	0
	Specific enthalpy	٥	20	kJ/kg	٥	٥	20	BTU/lb	0
	Partial vapor pressure	٥	20	mbar	0	٥	20	psi	0
	Mixture ratio	0	20	g/kg	0	0	20	gr/lb	0

Table 24 –	Hysteresis fo	r turning off buzzer
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7.3.6 Buzzer on time

		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
6u22 £0n	Buzzer on time	٥	6500	S	٥

Table 25 - Buzzer on time

7.3.7 Buzzer off time

		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
6022 20FF	Buzzer off time	D	6500	S	0

Table 26 - Buzzer off time

7.3.8 Initial buzzer blocking

It allows blocking buzzer activation if the transmitter starts up in alarm condition.

bu22	Initial buzzer blocking	Default: YES	Modbus Register Value
BLA BLA	Without initial buzzer blocking	no	0
	With initial buzzer blocking	YE5	1

Table 27 - Initial buzzer blocking

7.3.9 Buzzer status in case of sensor error

It allows you to configure the buzzer output so that it is activated in case of sensor reading error.

bu22 Err	Buzzer status in case of sensor error	Default: oFF	Modbus Register Value
	Buzzer off	٥FF	0
	Buzzer on	on	1

Table 28 - Buzzer status in case of sensor error

7.4 HMI CONFIGURATION CYCLE

The HMI configuration cycle allows for adjusting contrast, display backlight operating mode and functions of increase and decrease keys.

7.4.1 Backlight

It adjusts the display backlight operating mode.

	Backlight	Default: on	Modbus Register Value
IH.î bcLt	Off	oFF	0
bcit	Always on	on	1
	On for 15 seconds after pressing any key	Pr55	2

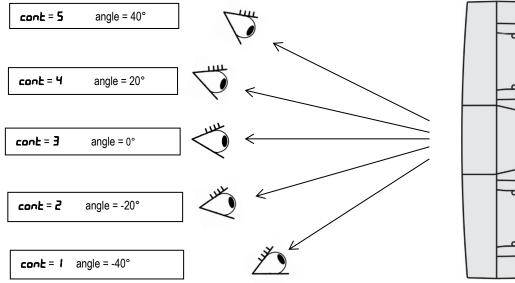
Table 29 - Backlight

7.4.2 Contrast

It adjusts the display contrast. Depending on the preferred viewing angle, the contrast may need to be adjusted to improve the clarity of information on the display.

	Contrast	Default: 3
	Contrast 1 (-40° in relation to the horizontal line)	1
IHā	Contrast 2 (-20° in relation to the horizontal line)	2
cont	Contrast 3 (0° in relation to the horizontal line)	3
	Contrast 4 (+20° in relation to the horizontal line)	ч
	Contrast 5 (+40° in relation to the horizontal line)	5

Table 30 – Contrast



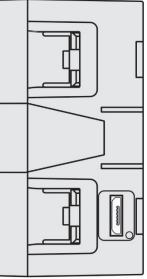


Figure 24 - RHT Climate Transmitter display contrast

7.4.3 Second function of key

It allows you to configure the second function of the increase key.

	Second function of the increase key	Default: nonE	Modbus Register Value
IHA	None	nonE	0
FI	Mutes buzzer	62	1
	Mutes buzzer and turns off alarm output	P58F	2

Table 31 - Second function of the increase key

7.4.4 Second function of key

It allows you to configure the second function of the decrease key.

ІН П F2	Second function of the decrease key	Default: nonE	Modbus Register Value
	None	nonE	0
	Clear maximum and minimum values	cLr	1

Table 32 - Second function of the decrease key

7.4.5 Configuring the third line of the display

It allows you to configure the information to be displayed on the third line of the display.

	Third line of the display	Default: Łd	Modbus Register Value
	Dew point	Łd	0
	Wet bulb temperature	E!!	1
IHā	Absolute humidity	du	2
Lin3	Frost point	ĿF	3
	Specific enthalpy	h	4
	Partial vapor pressure	E	5
	Mixture ratio	r	6
	None	oFF	7

Table 33 – Third line of the display

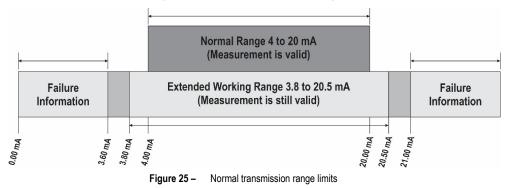
7.5 DIAGNOSTIC CYCLE

The diagnostic cycle lets you evaluate the operation of RHT *Climate* Transmitter, making sure that all its peripherals are working properly.

7.5.1 Analog output Foll I / Foll2 forcing

It allows you to force a current or voltage value at the analog output **OUT1** / **OUT2**. If the output is configured as output at voltage 0-10 V, you can adjust the value between 0.00 V and 10.00 V. If the output is configured as an output at current 4-20 mA, you can adjust the value between 4.00 mA and 20.00 mA (to check the operating range for the output in current). Above 20.0 mA, you will be able to adjust the output to 21.0 mA, to simulate the transmission failure signal. The same thing happens for the lower limit, which may shift to 3.6 mA.

The figure below shows the normal transmission range limits and the transmission failure signal zones.



		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
d :RG FoU I	Forces voltage value at analog output 1. (If Dut I / Dut2 	٥	10.00	V	٥
d :RG FoU2	Forces current value at analog output 1. (If Dut 1 / Dut 2 FodE = 4-20)	3.6	2 1.00	mA	ч

Table 34 – Analog output Fold I / Fold? forcing

7.5.2 Temperature reading forcing

It allows you to force a temperature value. This feature can be used to simulate temperature alarms or alarms for other variables due to change.

		SI				US			
		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
diRG Fi E	Forces the temperature reading value.	-40	100	°C	-40	-40	212	۴	-40

 Table 35 –
 Temperature reading forcing

7.5.3 Relative humidity reading forcing

It allows you to force a relative humidity value. This feature can be used to simulate relative humidity alarms or alarms for other variables due to change. If, for example, alarm output 1 is configured to activate whenever relative humidity is higher than 80% RH or lower than 40 % RH, you can evidence the **RL**. I output operating as the forced value varies.

		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
d iRG F irH	Forces relative humidity reading value.	٥	100	%	٥

 Table 36 –
 Relative humidity reading forcing

7.5.4 Alarm ALTI / ALT2 output forcing

It allows you to force activation of alarm output RLTI/RLT2.

d AG FR I	Forces alarm output RLT1 / RLT2	Default: oFF	Modbus Register Value
/	Forces alarm RLTI / RLT2 off output	oFF	0
d iAG FR I	Forces alarm RLTI / RLTP on output	٥n	1

Table 37 – Forces alarm output RL. 1/RL.2

7.5.5 Buzzer forcing

It allows you to force buzzer activation.

а "RG F622	Forces buzzer output	Default: oFF	Modbus Register Value	
	Forces buzzer off output	٥FF	0	
	Forces buzzer on output	on	1	

Table 38 - Buzzer forcing

7.6 COMMUNICATION CYCLE

In the communication cycle, you will find configuration parameters for the RS485 Modbus serial port: Baud rate, parity, and address.

Table 39 shows how to connect the connectors to the RS485 communication interface:

D0	D	D-	А	nverted bidirectional data line.				
D1	D	D+	В	idirectional data line.				
	С			Optional connection which improves the communication performance.				
GND			Optional connection which improves the communication performance.					

Table 39 - RS485 Connections

7.6.1 Baud Rate

The **RHT Transmitter** can be access via a Modbus-RTU network. The baud rate, parity and device address on the network need to be configured for this. The device responds to the read and write commands in its internal registers according to the specifications set out in this manual (see SERIAL COMMUNICATION chapter).

	Baud Rate	19.2	Modbus Register Value
	1200 bps	1.2	0
	2400 bps	2.4	1
EnFG	4800 bps	4.8	2
БЯUd	9600 bps	9.6	3
	19200 bps	19.2	4
	38400 bps	38.4	5
	57600 bps	57.6	6
	115200 bps	115.2	7

Table 40 - Baud rate

7.6.2 Parity

This parameter configures the parity for RHT *Climate* Transmitter communication on a Modbus-RTU network.

	Parity	Default: nonE	Modbus Register Value
EnFG	Without parity	nonE	0
Prty	Even Parity	EuEn	1
	Odd Parity	odd	2

Table 41 – Parity

7.6.3 Address

This parameter configures the address for **RHT** *Climate* **Transmitter** communication on a Modbus-RTU network. This parameter should be adjusted so that no two devices use the same address within a Modbus-RTU network.

		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
EnFG Rddr	Internet address	1	247	-	I

Table 42 – Address

7.7 GENERAL CONFIGURATION CYCLE

To access the parameters in this cycle, you must enter with the device password. The parameters in this cycle allow for selecting units of measure, adjusting atmospheric pressure, as well as offsets and digital filters for the sensor readings. Also in this cycle, you can enable configuration parameter protection and change the password.

7.7.1 Unit of Measure

The RHT *Climate* Transmitter can operate using the standard measurements in the International System of Measures (SI) or the English System of Measures (US). The table below shows the measurement unit adopted for each psychrometric property according to the value configured in this parameter.

EnFG	Units of measure	Default: 51	Modbus Register Value
Unit	International System of Measures	51	0
	English System of Measures	US	1

	SI	US
Temperature	°C	۴
Relative humidity	% RH	% RH
Dew point temperature	°C	°F
Partial vapor pressure	mbar	psi
Wet bulb temperature	°C	۴
Absolute humidity	g/m³	gr/ft³
Mixture ratio	g/kg	gr/lb
Specific enthalpy	kJ/kg	BTU/lb
Frost point temperature	°C	۴

Table 43 - Units of measure

7.7.2 Atmospheric Pressure

The **RHT** *Climate* **Transmitter** uses the atmospheric pressure value to calculate some psychrometric properties. The default value used by this device is 1013 mbar (14.7 psi), but you can refine this information by inserting the value read by another reference instrument. Atmospheric pressure may vary according to altitude, or due to conditions of the process itself.

		SI				US			
		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
EnFG PrES	Configures the atmospheric pressure value. This value is used for the calculation of psychrometric properties.	٥	10000	mbar	10 13	٥	145	psi	14.7

Table 44 – Atmospheric pressure

7.7.3 Digital temperature reading filter

A digital filter can be inserted at the temperature value read by the sensor, to reduce undesirable variations. The higher the time value configured in the digital filter, the slower the temperature reading response will be.

		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
EnFG FLE	Temperature sensor reading filter	٥	300	S	60

 Table 45 –
 Digital temperature reading filter

7.7.4 Digital relative humidity reading filter

A digital filter can be inserted at the relative humidity value read by the sensor, to reduce undesirable variations. The higher the time value configured in the digital filter, the slower the relative humidity reading response will be.

_		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
EnFG FLrH	Humidity sensor reading filter	٥	300	S	٥

 Table 46 –
 Digital relative humidity reading filter

7.7.5 Temperature reading offset

This parameter allows for correcting offset displacement in the temperature reading.

		SI				US				
		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default	
CnFG DFE	Temperature reading offset	-5	5	°C	٥	-9	9	°F	0	

Table 47 - Temperature reading offset

7.7.6 Relative humidity reading offset

This parameter allows for correcting offset displacement in the relative humidity reading.

	Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
DFrH Humidity reading offset	-5	5	%	٥

Table 48 - Relative humidity reading offset

7.7.7 Password

The RHT *Clumate* Transmitter can be protected with a password, which ensures greater protection for the parameters defined in the device. This feature prevents unauthorized people from making changes to the transmitter's operating mode.

The configured factory default password is "1111". To change the password, you must enter the master password, which is formed as follows:

Master password = 9 followed by the last three digits forming the serial number.

After entering the master password, you can insert a new password.

		Min.	Max.	Unit	Default
EnFG PR55	Password	٥	9999	-	

Table 49 - Password

7.7.8 Parameter Protection

This parameter allows for enabling and disabling the protection of other parameters. When parameter protection is enabled, the RHT *Clumate* **Transmitter** will allow for viewing the parameters but will not allow any change to the configured values. The device leaves the factor with parameter protection disabled.

	Parameter protection	Default: d5bL
[nFG Prot	Parameter protection disabled	dSbL
	Parameter protection enabled	EnbL

Table 50 - Parameter protection

After configuring the transmitter, you can access this parameter and select the **EnbL** option to enable protection. As of this moment, the protection will be enabled.

To disable protection, you should access the **PR55** parameter and enter the configured password. Next you should access the **ProE** parameter and select the **d5bL** option. As of this moment, the protection will be disabled.

If the protection is enabled and you attempt to alter any parameter, the transmitter will show the **Prot** message on the display instead of the defined value.

7.8 INFORMATION CYCLE

In the information cycle, the RHT Climate Transmitter displays the serial number (5n) and firmware version (F (7)) of the device.



Figure 26 – Serial number and firmware version information

8 PARAMETERS MAP)									
PRIMARY CYCLE	Out I	Out2	ALT I	AL15	Рл55	IHT	d ,80	CO	[nFG	
Temperature Relative humidity Selected variable	ñER5	ñER5	ñER5	ñER5	ñERS	bcLt	FDu I	bRud	PRSS	50
Maximum temperature Minimum temperature	ñodE	ñodE	ñodE	ñodE	ñodE	Cont	F0u2	Prty	Un it	Fırii
Maximum relative humidity Minimum relative humidity	L-Lo	L-Lo	SPLo	SPLo	SPLo	FI	FIL	Rddr	PrES	
Maximum dew point Minimum dew point	L-Hi	L-Hi	SPH i	SPH i	SPH ,	F2	F IrH		FLE	
Wet bulb temperature	Err	Err	HYSE	HYSE	HYSE	Scrn Lin3	FALI		FLrH	
Absolute humidity			£0n	£0n	£0n		FRL2		OFŁ	
Frost point temp.			ŁOFF	ŁOFF	ŁOFF		F622		OFrH	
Enthalpy			ЫR	ыr	ыlя				PRSS	
Partial vapor pressure			Err	Err	Err				Prot	
Mixture ratio			Pn55	Ро55						

 Table 51 –
 Device parameters map

9 COMMUNICATION INTERFACES

9.1 CONNECTING TO A COMPUTER

The USB interface is used to CONFIGURE or MONITOR the device.

To CONFIGURE, you should use **SigNow** software or **SigNow** app, which offer features to create, view, save, and open configurations from the device or from files on your computer. The feature to save and open settings in files allows you to transfer settings between devices and create backups.

You can update the firmware (internal software) of the RHT *Climate* Transmitter via the USB interface.

To MONITOR, you can use any supervisory (SCADA) or laboratory software that supports Modbus RTU communication over a serial communication port. When connected to the USB interface of a computer, the RHT *Clumate* Transmitter will be recognized as a conventional serial port (COM x).

You should use **SigNow** software or consult the Device Manager in the Windows Control Panel to identify the COM port assigned to the device. To MONITOR, refer to the Modbus memory mapping in the device communication manual and the supervisory software documentation.

To use the USB communication, follow the steps below:

- Download SigNow software (see <u>SIGNOW SOFTWARE</u> section) from our website.
- Install the software on the computer to be used. The USB drivers required for the operation of the communication will be installed along with the software.
- Connect the USB cable between the device and the computer. The device does not need to be powered. The USB interface will provide enough power for communication operation (other device functions may not operate).
- Run the software, configure the communication, and start the device recognition.



The USB interface IS NOT ISOLATED from the relay outputs and alarm outputs. Its purpose is temporary use during CONFIGURATION and MONITORING periods. For the safety of people and devices, it should only be used when the device is fully disconnected from the external power input.

In any other situation it is possible to use the USB interface, but it requires careful consideration by the people performing the installation.

For MONITORING over long periods and with the inputs and outputs connected, it is recommended to use the RS485 interface, available or optional in most of our devices.

9.2 CONNECTING TO ANDROID SMARTPHONE

9.2.1 CONNECTION VIA OTG CABLE

Smartphones Android with On the Go (OTG) technology can be directly connected to the device via the USB input. By connecting the OTG cable to the smartphone, you can recognize and configure your RHT *Clumate* Transmitter by running SigNow app.

To use the USB communication, follow the steps below:

- Download SigNow app from the Google Play Store.
- Install the app on the smartphone to be used.
- Connect the USB cable between the device and the computer. The device does not need to be powered. The USB interface will provide enough power for communication operation (other device functions may not operate).
- Run the software, configure the communication, and start the device recognition (see <u>CONNECTING TO THE APP VIA OTG CABLE</u>).



If you position the cable end incorrectly, it is possible that the device will not be recognized by the application.

9.2.2 CONNECTION VIA MODBUS-TCP PROTOCOL

Android smartphones can also connect to the device via Modbus-TCP protocol (using a Modbus-TCP/Modbus-RTU Gateway). To do this, follow the steps below:

- Download **SigNow** app from the *Google Play Store*.
- Wait for the installation process to complete.
- Run the software, configure the Modbus-TCP communication, and start the device recognition (see <u>CONNECTING TO THE APP VIA</u> <u>MODBUS-TCP PROTOCOL</u>).

9.3 CONNECTING TO IOS SMARTPHONE

iOS smartphones can connect to the device via Modbus-TCP protocol (using a Modbus-TCP/Modbus-RTU Gateway). To do this, follow the steps below:

- Download **SigNow** app from the *App Store*.
- Wait for the installation process to complete.
- Run the software, configure the Modbus-TCP communication, and start the device recognition (see <u>CONNECTING TO THE APP VIA</u> <u>MODBUS-TCP PROTOCOL</u>).



iOS smartphones are not compatible with the OTG cable.

10 SERIAL COMMUNICATION

RHT *Climate* **Transmitter** can be recognized on a RS485 network with Modbus RTU protocol as a slave device. All the controller configurable parameters can be read and/or written via serial communication. Writing to Registers in Broadcast mode is also allowed, using address **0**. The available Modbus commands are as follows:

- 03 Read Holding Register
- 05 Write Single Coil
- 06 Write Single Register
- 16 Write Multiple Registers

10.1 HOLDING REGISTER TABLE

					SI			US	
		PRIMARY C	YCLE INDIC	ATION RE	GISTERS				
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default
0	Relative humidity value	RO	32 bits	0	10000	-	0	10000	-
1	,								
2	Dry bulb temperature value	RO	32 bits	-4000	10000	-	-4000	21200	-
3									
4	Wet bulb temperature value	RO	32 bits	-4000	10000	-	-4000	21200	-
5									
6 7	Dew point value	RO	32 bits	-9000	10000	-	-13000	21200	-
8									
9	Frost point value	RO	32 bits	-9000	10000	-	-13000	21200	-
10			00 L V				(000		
11	Specific enthalpy value	RO	32 bits	-4000	70000000*	-	-1800	30094500*	-
12		DO	20 hite	0	0000		0	00000	
13	Absolute humidity value	RO	32 bits	0	60000	-	0	26200	-
14	Partial vapor pressure value	RO	32 bits	0	103500	-	0	1500	-
15		110	02 510	•	100000		Ŭ	1000	
16	Mixture ratio value	RO	32 bits	0	26000000*	-	0	182000000*	-
17				-			-		
18	Minimum humidity value	RO	32 bits	0	1000	-	0	1000	-
19									
20 21	Maximum humidity value	RO	32 bits	0	1000	-	0	1000	-
21									
22	Minimum temperature value	RO	32 bits	-4000	1000	-	-4000	2120	-
20									
25	Maximum temperature value	RO	32 bits	-4000	1000	-	-4000	2120	-
26					4055		(0.555		
27	Minimum dew point value	RO	32 bits	-9000	1000	-	-13000	2120	-
28	Maximum dew point value	RO	32 bits	-9000	1000		-13000	2120	
29	Maximum dew point value	ΝU	JZ DILS	-3000	1000	-	-15000	2120	-

 Table 52 –
 Primary cycle indication registers

	ANALOG OUTPUT OUT1 TRANSMISSION REGISTERS												
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default				
101	Transmission output type	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0				
102	Variable that will be transmitted	RW	16 bits	0	9	0	0	9	0				
103	Linner retransmission limit innut	RW	32 bits	The limit	s depend	on the	psychromet	ric property	configured				
104	Upper retransmission limit input	RW	32 Dits	at address	102.				-				
105	Louise estranomission limit insut	RW	32 bits	The limit	s depend	on the	psychromet	ric property	configured				
106	Lower retransmission limit input	RW	32 Dits	at address	102.	02.			-				
107	Value in case of error	RW	16 bits	0	1	1	0	1	1				
108	Linner retronomission limit	RO	32 bits	The limit	s depend	on the	psychromet	ric property	configured				
109	Upper retransmission limit	RU	32 DIIS	at address	102.								
110	Lower retransmission limit	RO	32 bits	The limit	s depend	on the	psychromet	ric property	configured				
111		ΝŪ	JZ DIIS	at address	102.								

 Table 53 –
 Analog Output OUT1 Transmission Registers

	ANALOG OUTPUT OUT2 TRANSMISSION REGISTERS												
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default				
113	Retransmission output type	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0				
114	Variable that will be transmitted	RW	16 bits	0	9	0	0	9	0				
115	Herein an teachart an teachart Berth Second	DW	20 1.14	The lim	nits depend	on the	psychromet	tric property	configured				
116	Upper retransmission limit input	RW	32 bits	at address 114.									
117	Lauran Ingeneral States Production 1	DW	20 1-11-	The lim	nits depend	on the	psychromet	tric property	configured				
118	Lower retransmission limit input	RW	32 bits	at addres	s 114. ˈ			,	0				
119	Value in case of error	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0				
120	l lan an antanan ing ing limit	DO	20 646	The lim	nits depend	on the	psychromet	tric property	configured				
121	Upper retransmission limit	RO	32 bits	at addres	ss 114.				C C				
122	Lower retransmission limit	RO	32 bits	The lim	nits depend	on the	psychromet	tric property	configured				
123		RU	JZ DIIS	at addres	ss 114.				-				

 Table 54 –
 Analog Output OUT2 Transmission Registers

	FILTER AND UNIT SYSTEM REGISTERS											
Address Description R/W Variable Type Min. Max. Default Min. Max. Default									Default			
125	Filter for humidity reading	RW	16 bits	0	300	60	0	300	60			
126	Filter for temperature reading	RW	16 bits	0	300	60	0	300	60			
127	Configuring units	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0			

 Table 55 –
 Filter and Unit System Registers

	ALARM ALM1 OUTPUT REGISTERS													
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default					
133	Variable that will set off alarm	RW	16 bits	1	9	1	1	9	1					
134	Type of alarm	RW	16 bits	0	5	0	0	5	0					
135	High Setpoint input for alarm	RW	32 bits	The limits	depend o	n the p	sychrometric	c property	configured					
136			52 0115	at address 1	33.									
137	Low Cotroint input for alarm	RW	32 bits	The limits	depend o	n the p	sychrometric	c property	configured					
138	Low Setpoint input for alarm	L M	JZ DILS	at address 133.										
139	Alarm blocking	RW	16 bits	0	1	1	0	1	1					

		ALA	rm alm1 ou	TPUT REGIST	ERS				
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default
140	Alarm hysteresis	RW	16 bits	0	200	0	0	200	0
141	Alarm ON time	RW	16 bits	0	6500	0	0	6500	0
142	Alarm OFF time	RW	16 bits	0	6500	0	0	6500	0
143	Determines the alarm status in case of sensor error	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
144	Determines buzzer activation	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
145	Setpoint High Alarm	RO	32 bits	The limits	depend o	n the p	sychrometric	property	configured
146	Setpoint High Alarm	RU	32 DIIS	at address 13	33.				
147	Setpoint Low Alarm	RO	32 bits	The limits	depend o	n the p	sychrometric	property	configured
148	Selpoint LOW Alann	κU	JZ DIIS	at address 13	33.				-

 Table 56 –
 Alarm ALM1 Output Registers

		ALA	RM ALM2 OU	TPUT REGI	STERS				
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default
150	Variable that will set off alarm	RW	16 bits	1	9	1	1	9	1
151	Type of alarm	RW	16 bits	0	5	0	0	5	0
152	Alarm Setpoint High Input	RW	32 bits	The limi		on the	psychrometri	c property	configured
153	Alann Seipoint high linput		52 0115	at address	150.				
154	Alarm Setpoint Low Input	RW	32 bits	The limi		on the	psychrometri	c property	configured
155	Alarm Selpoint Low input		52 0115	at address	150.				
156	Alarm blocking	RW	16 bits	0	1	1	0	1	1
157	Alarm hysteresis	RW	16 bits	0	200	0	0	200	0
158	Alarm ON time	RW	16 bits	0	6500	0	0	6500	0
159	Alarm OFF time	RW	16 bits	0	6500	0	0	6500	0
160	Determines the alarm status in case of sensor error	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
161	Determines buzzer activation	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
162	Alarm Setpoint High	RO	32 bits	The limi	its depend	on the	psychrometri	c property	configured
163	Alaini Seipolini high	ΝU	32 0113	at address	150.				
164	Alarm Setpoint Low	RO	32 bits	The limi		on the	psychrometri	c property	configured
165		Table 57		at address					

 Table 57 –
 Alarm ALM2 Output Registers

		ALA	RM ALM3 OU	TPUT REGIS	TERS				
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default
167	Variable that will set off alarm	RW	16 bits	1	9	1	1	9	1
168	Type of alarm	RW	16 bits	0	5	0	0	5	0
169	Alarm Setpoint High Input	RW	32 bits	The limi at address		on the	psychrometric	c property	configured
170				at autiless	107.				
171	Alarm Setpoint Low Input	RW	32 bits	The limi		on the	psychrometric	property	configured
172	Additi Octpoint Low input		02 5113	at address	s 167.				
173	Alarm blocking	RW	16 bits	0	1	1	0	1	1
174	Alarm hysteresis	RW	16 bits	0	200	0	0	200	0
175	Alarm ON time	RW	16 bits	0	6500	0	0	6500	0
176	Alarm OFF time	RW	16 bits	0	6500	0	0	6500	0
177	Alarm status in case of sensor error	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0

	ALARM ALM3 OUTPUT REGISTERS										
Address	Address Address <t< th=""></t<>										
178	Determines buzzer activation	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0		
179	Alarm Setpoint High	RO	32 bits	The limit	s depend	on the p	osychrometric	property	configured		
180	Alarm Serpoint High	κυ	52 0115	at address	167.						
181	Alarm Setpoint Low	RO	32 bits	The limit	s depend	on the p	osychrometric	property	configured		
182	Alarm Selpolint Low	ΝŪ	JZ DIIS	at address	167.	-					

Table 58 - Alarm ALM3 Output Registers

	RS485 MODBUS COMMUNICATION PORT CONFIGURATION REGISTERS											
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default			
184	Baud rate	RW	16 bits	0	7	4	0	7	4			
185	Parity	RW	16 bits	0	2	0	0	2	0			
186	Slave address	RW	16 bits	1	247	1	1	247	1			
187	Defines the variable of the third line of the HMI	RW	16 bits	0	7	0	0	7	0			

Table 59 –	RS485 Modbus Communication Port Configuration Registers

	OFFSET REGISTERS										
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default		
192	Temperature Offset	RW	16 bits	-50	50	0	-90	90	0		
193	Humidity Offset	RW	16 bits	-50	50	0	-50	50	0		
200	Pressure value used for calculations	RW	16 bits	0	10000	1013	0	10000	147		

Table 60 - Offset Registers

			FORCING REC	GISTERS					
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default
201	Enables output 1 forcing	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
202	Forced value for output 1	RW	16 bits		Limits dep	end on the ar	nalog output	1 configuration.	
203	Enables output 2 forcing	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
204	Forced value for output 2	RW	16 bits		Limits dep	end on the ar	nalog output	2 configuration.	
205	Enables forcing of alarm 1	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
206	Changes alarm status	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
207	Enables forcing of alarm 2	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
208	Changes alarm status	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
209	Turning backlight on	RW	16 bits	0	2	1	0	2	1
211	Enables buzzing forcing	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
212	Buzzer activation	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
213	Enables humidity forcing	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
214	Forced humidity value	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0
215	Enables temperature forcing	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
216	Forced temperature value	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0

Table 61 – Forcing Registers

	MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM PSYCHROMETRIC PROPERTIES AND SECOND KEY FUNCTION RESET REGISTERS										
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default		
217	Reset of all min. and max. values	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0		
221	Second function of key	RW	16 bits	0	2	0	0	2	0		
222	Second function of key	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0		

 Table 62 –
 Minimum and Maximum Psychrometric Properties and Second Key Function Reset Registers

			DEVICE TAG RE	GISTERS		
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.		
224		RW	16 bits	ASCII	CHARACTER 2	CHARACTER 1
225		RW	16 bits	ASCII	CHARACTER 4	CHARACTER 3
226		RW	16 bits	ASCII	CHARACTER 6	CHARACTER 5
227		RW	16 bits	ASCII	CHARACTER 8	CHARACTER 7
228	Device name atring	RW	16 bits	ASCII	CHARACTER 10	CHARACTER 9
229	Device name string	RW	16 bits	ASCII	CHARACTER 12	CHARACTER 11
230		RW	16 bits	ASCII	CHARACTER 14	CHARACTER 13
231		RW	16 bits	ASCII	CHARACTER 16	CHARACTER 15
232		RW	16 bits	ASCII	CHARACTER 18	CHARACTER 17
233		RW	16 bits	ASCII	CHARACTER 20	CHARACTER 19

 Table 63 –
 Device Tag Registers

		SENS	OR LINEARIZATIO	ON REGIST	ERS				
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type	Min.	Max.	Default	Min.	Max.	Default
234	Enables temperature linearization	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
235	Real temperature value 1	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0
236	Target temperature value 1	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0
237	Real temperature value 2	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0
238	Target temperature value 2	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0
239	Real temperature value 3	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0
240	Target temperature value 3	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0
241	Real temperature value 4	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0
242	Target temperature value 4	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0
243	Real temperature value 5	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0
244	Target temperature value 5	RW	16 bits	-400	1000	0	-400	2120	0
245	Enables humidity linearization	RW	16 bits	0	1	0	0	1	0
246	Real humidity value 1	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0
247	Target humidity value 1	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0
248	Real humidity value 2	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0
249	Target humidity value 2	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0
250	Real humidity value 3	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0
251	Target humidity value 3	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0
252	Real humidity value 4	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0
253	Target humidity value 4	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0
254	Real humidity value 5	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0
255	Target humidity value 5	RW	16 bits	0	1000	0	0	1000	0

 Table 64 –
 Sensor Linearization Registers

	DEVICE INFORMATION REGISTERS		
Address	Description	R/W	Variable Type
300	High serial number	RO	16 bits
301	Low serial number	RO	16 bits
302	Firmware version	RO	16 bits
303	Release version	RO	16 bits
304	ID	RO	16 bits
305	Informs the device model	RO	16 bits

DIAGNOSTIC REGISTERS							
Address	bit	Description					
	0	-					
	1	Analog output 1 in overload.					
	2	Analog output 2 in overload.					
	3	Alarm 1 output status.					
	4	Alarm 2 output status.					
	5	Alarm 1 condition status.					
341	6	Alarm 2 condition status.					
341	7	Buzzer status in alarm 1.					
	8	Buzzer status in alarm 2.					
	9	Buzzer status.					
	10	Alarm 1 forcing status.					
	11	Alarm 2 forcing status.					
	12	Analog output 1 forcing status.					
	13	Analog output 2 forcing status.					
	0	Sensor error.					
	1	Error in water vapor saturation pressure.					
	2	Error in water vapor pressure.					
	3	Error at dew point.					
	4	Error in absolute humidity.					
342	5	Error in mixture ratio.					
342	6	-					
	7	-					
	8	Error in wet bulb temperature.					
	9	Error in specific enthalpy.					
	10	-					
	11	Error in frost point.					
	1	Input values for retransmission limits of output 1 out of range.					
	2	Input values for retransmission limits of output 2 out of range.					
343	3	Input values for alarm 1 setpoints out of range.					
	4	Input values for alarm 2 setpoints out of range.					
	5	Input values for alarm 3 setpoints out of range.					

Table 65 – Device Infor	mation Registers
-------------------------	------------------

 Table 66 –
 Diagnostic Registers

The registers 103 to 106, 115 to 118, 135 to 138, 152 to 155 and 169 to 172 shall be used to enter the values of their respective parameters. If they are within limits, the device will automatically pass these values to registers 108 to 111, 120 to 123, 145 to 148, 162 to 165 and 179 to 182, which show the values considered during the operation. If the limits were extrapolated, this condition will be signaled in the diagnostic register 343.

For 32-bit data, the two registers that compose them must be read and/or written for the values to be updated.

The values of the 32-bit registers are available in little-endian with byte swap format, i.e., the first 16-bit register corresponds to the least significant part and the second one corresponds to the most significant part. All 16-bit registers are available as big-endian.

11 SIGNOW SOFTWARE AND APP

11.1 SIGNOW SOFTWARE

SigNow software is the main tool for configuring, downloading, and analyzing data from the RHT *Climate* Transmitter. It allows you to use all the features of the device, communicating through the USB interface.

To install SigNow, just download and run the SigNowSetup.exe file, available on our website.

This manual describes the generic functionalities of the software. For detailed instructions on setting up other devices and operating certain tools, you should check the specific operation manual. The software and its respective manual can be downloaded for free in the Download Area of our website <u>www.novusautomation.com</u>.

11.2 SIGNOW APP

SigNow app is the ideal tool for the daily use of the RHT *Climate* Transmitter. With our app, you can easily monitor or download data from your smartphone. It is compatible with both Android and iOS devices, making it accessible to everyone.

SigNow app can be downloaded for free from Google Play Store or App Store.

To configure the device through the Android app, you must connect it to the smartphone via an OTG cable (see <u>CONNECTION VIA AN OTG</u> <u>CABLE</u> section).

To configure the device through the iOS app, you must connect it to the smartphone via a Modbus-TCP connection (see <u>CONNECTING TO iOS</u> <u>SMARTPHONE</u> section). iOS smartphones **are not** compatible with OTG technology.



To communicate via Modbus-TCP protocol, it is necessary to use a Modbus-TCP/Modbus-RTU Gateway.

11.3 STARTING SIGNOW

When running SigNow, the following screens will appear:



Figure 27 - SigNow main screen

To communicate with the software, **RHT** *Clumate* **Transmitter** must be connected to the computer and have the USB drivers previously installed (see <u>CONNECTING TO A COMPUTER</u> section). To communicate with the app, you must connect the device to the smartphone via an OTG cable (see <u>CONNECTING TO A SMARTPHONE</u> section).

Next you can click either Configuration or Diagnostics.

The **Create Configuration** option allows you to create a configuration. The device does not need to be connected. This configuration can be saved to a file for future use or be written to a connected device. The **Open Configuration** option, on the other hand, allows you to read an already created configuration file.

11.4 CONNECTING TO THE SOFTWARE

Once the software is running, it is possible to read a device. To do this, you must click **Configuration**, select the USB option, and then the connected device:

Sigh	low			
÷	Select device			
				Device List - USB
		्र भू प्रायम	Modbus TCP	RHT Climate (COM5)
		R5485	HART	

Figure 28 – Selecting a device

When you click on the RHT *Climate* Transmitter icon, the software will read the current device configuration and present all available features, as shown in the figure below:

SigNow						-		×
← Configuration								
General	>	Device Tag	RHT Clima	ate				
Communication	>	System of Units	SI	•	°C - mbar - g/m³ - g/kg - kJ/kg			
Temperature	>	Sensor environment pressure	- 1013	+	mbar			
Humidity	>	Sensor environment pressure			IIIDai			
Output 1	>							
Output 2	>							
Alarm 1	>							
Alarm 2	>							
Alarm 3 (Buzzer)	>							
нмі	>							
Diagram Model: RHT Climate Se	> rial number: 1	Firmware version: 1.40						
=			₽ <mark>₽</mark> ₽₿ se	end batch	Save	\rightarrow	Send	

Figure 29 – Device configuration screen

The configuration screen is divided into 12 sections: General, Communication, Temperature, Humidity, Output 1, Output 2, Alarm 1, Alarm 2, Alarm 3 (Buzzer), HMI, Diagram, and Firmware Update. You can access these sections via the side menu. The General screen is the first screen to appear.

The bottom part of the screen displays information about the model, serial number, and firmware version, non-editable fields that are read by the software directly from the device. In addition, it displays the buttons \equiv , Send Batch, Save, and Send.

The \equiv button compiles the following options:

- 1) Manual: Allows you to access the online manual for the device.
- 2) Support: Allows you to access the Technical Support page.
- 3) Event Log: Allows you to access a window that displays information about the settings made so far.
- 4) Report: Allows you to create a report with a .pdf extension, displaying all settings of the device.

11.5 CONNECTING TO THE APP VIA OTG CABLE

When using the **SigNow** app on an Android smartphone with an OTG cable (see <u>CONNECTION VIA OTG CABLE</u>), the device will be automatically recognized by the smartphone, as shown in the figure below:



Figure 30 - Recognized device

Clicking the **Configuration** button on the home screen will take you directly to the device information screen:

÷	Со	nfiguration -	Info	<
Parameter				Value
Product name			RH	T Climate
Serial number				1
A CINE	() RT0		EASIC .	
aure 31		Informatio		

This screen, which can be accessed at any time by clicking the Info button, displays information about the product model and serial number, noneditable fields that are read by the app directly from the device. In addition, it displays the buttons , Home, Basic, and Advanced.

The U button compiles the following options:

- 1) Manual: Allows you to access the online manual for the device.
- 2) Support: Allows you to access the Technical Support page.
- 3) Save: Allows you to save the settings made so far.
- 4) Send: Allows you to send the settings to the device.

11.6 CONNECTING TO THE APP VIA MODBUS-TCP PROTOCOL

To establish a communication via Modbus-TCP protocol (either via an Android smartphone or an iOS smartphone), click on the **Configure** button on the main screen and then on **TCP/IP**:



Figure 32 – Establishing a TCP/IP connection

To establish a Modbus-TCP connection, however, a Modbus-TCP/Modbus-RTU Gateway is required, which will act as an intermediary between the smartphone and the device. Once the connection has been established, the device will display the information screen:

Config	uration - I	nfo	<
			Value
		RHT	Climate
			1
i) MTO		EASIC	나다.
	0		RHT

Figure 33 – Information screen

This screen, which can be accessed at any time by clicking the Info button, displays information about the product model and serial number, non-

editable fields that are read by the app directly from the device. In addition, it displays the buttons , Home, Basic, and Advanced.

The U button compiles the following options:

- 1) Manual: Allows you to access the online manual for the device.
- 2) Support: Allows you to access the Technical Support page.
- 3) Save: Allows you to save the settings made so far.
- 4) Send: Allows you to send the settings to the device.

For more information on the TCP/IP connection mode of the application, refer to the SigNow manual, available on the product page on NOVUS website.

11.7 CONFIGURING THE DEVICE

The connection mode is slightly different between software and app, but the configuration and distribution of information and parameters is the same between both.

11.7.1 GENERAL / BASIC

This screen allows you to view general device information. The name of the screen changes between software (called **General**) and app (called **Basic**):

						÷ (Configuration - I	Basic <
SigNow					- 🗆 X	Parameter		Value
← Configuration						Device Tag		RHT Climate 🗦
General	>	Device Tag	RHT Climate			System of Units		SI >
Communication	>	System of Units	SI 🗸	°C - mbar - g/m³ - g/kg - kJ/kg		Sensor environn	ment pressure	1013 >
Temperature	>	Sensor environment pressure	- 1013 +	mbar				
Humidity	>	sensor environment pressure	- 1015 -	mbar				
Output 1	>							
Output 2	>							
Alarm 1	>							
Alarm 2	>							
Alarm 3 (Buzzer)	>							
HMI	>							
Diagram Model: RHT Climate S) Serial number: 1	Firmware version: 1.40						
≡			Send batch	Save	→ Send			
								다. 바

Figure 34 – General Screen

In the **Device Tag** field, you can assign a name to the device to be configured. This helps make the device easily identifiable within a network with multiple devices.

In the System of Units field, you can select the International System of Units (SI) or the American System of Units (US) (see <u>GENERAL</u> <u>CONFIGURATION CYCLE</u> section).

In the Sensor environment pressure, RHT *Climate* Transmitter allows you to set the atmospheric pressure. The device leaves the factory configured with a pressure value equivalent to atmospheric pressure at sea level. The values of the psychrometric properties calculated by the RHT *Climate* Transmitter can change depending on the pressure. In high altitude locations or in pressurized environments, you must adjust the value of this parameter. This way, RHT *Climate* Transmitter can use it in its compensation algorithms.

11.7.2 COMMUNICATION

This screen allows you to configure the communication parameters of the device:

						← Conlige	iration - Advanced
SigNow					- 🗆 🗙	Parameter	Value
← Configuratio	on					Modbus Address	1 >
General	>	Modbus Address	- 1 +			Baud Rate	115200 >
Communication	>	Baud Rate	115200 -	_		Parity	None >
Temperature	>	Parity	None				
Humidity	>	i unity					
Output 1	>						
Output 2	>						
Alarm 1	>						
Alarm 2	>						
Alarm 3 (Buzzer)	>						
нмі	>						
Diagram Model: RHT Climate	Serial number: 1	Firmware version: 1.40					
=			Send batch	Save	→ Send		
				·		n (i)	



For the RHT *Climate* Transmitter to be recognized as a slave device in an RS485 Modbus network, you need to set a unique Modbus Address on the network, as well as the Baud Rate and Parity.

11.7.3 TEMPERATURE

This screen allows you to configure the parameters for the temperature sensor:

								÷	Configu	iration - Advai	nced	<
SigNow							- 🗆 🗙	Parame	ter			Value
← Configuratio	n							Offset				0.0 >
General	>	Offset	-	0.0	F	°C		Filter				0 >
Communication	>	Filter	_	0 -	+	s		Custom	Calibration			>
Temperature	>	-										
Humidity	>	+ Custom Calibration										
Output 1	>											
Output 2	>											
Alarm 1	>											
Alarm 2	>											
Alarm 3 (Buzzer)	>											
нмі	>											
Diagram Model: RHT Climate	> Serial number: 1	Firmware version: 1.40										
=				Send batch		Save	→ Send					
								A HEME	(i) NTO		E ASIC	+++

Figure 36 - Temperature screen

To read the temperature, the device provides **Offset** and **Filter** settings. With these features you can make small corrections to the sensor readings and slow down the response speed of the sensor.

For greater sensor accuracy, RHT *Climate* Transmitter has a Custom Calibration function that allows you to enter up to 5 temperature points. For more details about this feature, see the SigNow manual.

11.7.4 RELATIVE HUMIDITY

This screen allows you to configure the parameters for the relative humidity sensor:

								÷	Configu	ration - Advand	ed <
SigNow							- 🗆 X	Paramet	er		Value
← Configuration								Offset			0.0 >
General	>	Offset	-	0.0	+	%		Filter			0 >
Communication	>	Filter	_	0	+	5		Custom	Calibration		>
Temperature	>										
Humidity	>	+ Custom Calibration									
Output 1	>										
Dutput 2	>										
larm 1	>										
arm 2	>										
Alarm 3 (Buzzer)	>										
HMI	>										
Nieurano Model: RHT Climate Seri	al number: 1	Firmware version: 1.40									
=				C Send batch	1	Save	→ Send				
								A HEME	(i) NYO		- 나누



To read the relative humidity, the device provides Offset and Filter settings. With these features you can make small corrections to the sensor readings and slow down the response speed of the sensor.

For greater sensor accuracy, RHT *Climate* Transmitter has a Custom Calibration function that allows you to enter up to 5 temperature points. For more details about this feature, see the SigNow manual.

11.7.5 OUTPUTS 1 AND 2

The screens for the **Output 1** and **Output 2** sections are identical and allow you to configure their respective outputs, as shown in the example for **Output 1**:

						← Configuration - A	Advanced <
SigNow					- 🗆 X	Parameter	Value
← Configuratio	on					Physical Property	Temperature (t) >
General	>	Physical Property	Temperature (t) 🗸			Analog output operation mode	4-20 mA >
Communication	>	Analog output operation mode	4-20 mA			Lower Limit	-40.0 >
Temperature	>		40.0 +			Upper Limit	100.0 >
Humidity	>	Lower Limit	40.0 +	°C		Analog output error mode	Low >
Output 1	>	Upper Limit	- 100.0 +	°C			
Output 2	>	Analog output error mode	Low				
Alarm 1	>						
Alarm 2	>						
Alarm 3 (Buzzer)	>						
нмі	>						
Diagram Model: RHT Climate	> Serial number: 1	Firmware version: 1.40					
≡			Send batch	Save	→ Send		

Figure 38 – Output 1 screen

In the **Physical Property** field, you can select the psychrometric property to be transmitted by the output. The **Analog Output Operation Mode** function allows you to select the electrical standard to be used for transmission: 0-10 V or 4-20 mA. The electrical output signal will be proportional to the selected magnitude, respecting the values set in the parameters **Lower Limit** and **Upper Limit**.

In case of a sensor failure, the quantity to be transmitted by the analog output will go into error mode, as configured in the Analog Output Error Mode parameter. For the error condition, you must select the High or Low status:

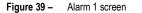
	ERROR MODE					
MODE	LOW	HIGH				
0-10 V	0 V	10 V				
4-20 mA	3.6 mA	21.0 mA				

Table 67 – Error mode

11.7.6 ALARMS 1 AND 2

							~		ingulation - A	
SigNow						- 🗆 X	Pa	rameter		
← Configuration							Ph	vsical Property		Tempe
General	>	Physical Property	Temperature (t)	-			Ala	irm type		Below
Communication	>	Alarm type	Below SPLo (Lo)	•			Lo	wer Limit		
Temperature	>				-		Hy	steresis		
Humidity	>	Lower Limit	- 0.0	+	°C		Or	time		
Output 1	>	Hysteresis	- 0.0	+	°C		Of	time		
Output 2	>	On time	- 0	+	s		En	or Condition		
Alarm 1	>	Off time	- 0	+	s		Ini	tial Alarm Block		
Alarm 2	>	Error Condition	Disabled	•			Bu	zzer		
Alarm 3 (Buzzer)	>	Initial Alarm Block	Disabled	•						
HMI	>									
Diagram	>	Buzzer	Disabled	•						
Model: RHT Climate Si	erial number: 1	Firmware version: 1.40								
≡			CC Send	batch	Save	→ Send				
							A HOME	(i) INTO		Email:

The screens for the Alarm 1 and Alarm 2 sections are identical and allow you to configure their respective outputs, as shown in the example for Alarm 1:



łţ‡

Value
perature (t) >
ww SPLo (Lo) >
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The alarm output can be timed using the parameters On Time and Off Time.

If the device is configured with alarm Lo, H, L--H or -LH-, the parameter Error Condition allows you to configure the status of the alarm output in case of temperature and relative humidity sensor failure. Therefore, the output will be turned on or off according to the value set in these parameters.

In some applications, it may be necessary to disregard alarms when turning the device on. A typical example refers to an application where you want to keep a refrigerated environment. If the alarm is set to activate below -10 °C or above 2 °C, it will trigger if the initial room temperature is 25 °C at the time **RHT** *Clumate* **Transmitter** is turned on. To block this initial triggering, you can enable the **Initial Alarm Block** parameter. With initial block enabled, the device must reach a non-alarm condition for an alarm event to trigger the output.

It is also possible to link the activation of the buzzer to each alarm output. In this way, whenever the alarm output is on, the buzzer will be activated, respecting the timings. To link the buzzer to the alarm output, you must enable the **Buzzer** parameter⁵.

The buzzer settings are like those for alarms 1 and 2.

11.7.7 HMI

This screen allows you to configure the parameters for the display and keypad features⁶:

								÷	Configu	ration - Advi	anced	<
SigNow							- 🗆 X	Parame	ter			Value
← Configurati	on							Cycle V	iew			>
General	>		_		_			2nd fur	nction of Up key		N	None >
Communication	>		Analog Output 1		~	HMI		2nd fur	action of Down ke	²γ	N	None >
	>		 Analog Output 2 		\checkmark	Diagnostic		Backlig	ht			Off >
Temperature	/	Cycle View	Alarm 1		\checkmark	Communication						
Humidity	>		Alarm 2		\checkmark	Configuration		3rd Lin	e Information		Dew Point	(td) >
Output 1	>		Alarm 3 (Buzzer)		\checkmark	Information		Viewin	g angle			-40% >
Output 2	>	2nd function of	Up key	None	-							
Alarm 1	>	2nd function of	Down key	None	-							
Alarm 2	>											
Alarm 3 (Buzzer)	>	Backlight		Off	•							
HMI	>	3rd Line Informa	ition	Dew Point (td)	•							
Diagram Model: RHT Climate	> Serial number: 1	Firmware ver	sion: 1.40	40°								
=				Send ba	tch	Save	→ Send					
									(i)		DASH5	ᆉ

Figure 40 - HMI screen

On this screen, you can:

- Select the configuration cycles that will be visible on the HMI.
- Set the second function of keys (A) and (\$\overline\$).
- Select the **Backlight** operation mode.
- Define the quantity to be shown on the third line of the display.
- Adjust the display contrast.

When navigating the configuration screens of RHT *Climate* Transmitter via keyboard, you can access only the cycles that are enabled by SigNow. In the example picture below, you can see only the selected screens:

	\checkmark	Alarm 3 (Buzzer)		Information
	\checkmark	Alarm 2	~	Configuration
Cycle View		Alarm 1		Communication
	\checkmark	Analog Output 2	~	Diagnostic
		Analog Output 1	~	НМІ

Figure 41 – Cycle visualization

The (A) and verse of the device, in addition to their function of incrementing, decrementing, and selecting options, can take on a second function if you configure the parameters **2nd Function of Up Key** and **2nd Function of Down Key**.

The (key can have the following functions:

⁵ Function available only for LCD models.

⁶ Function available only for LCD models.

- No action.
- Disable buzzer.
- Disable buzzer and alarm output.

If you configure the second key (long press), the buzzer will be muted but the alarm output will still be activated.

If you configure the second key (long press), the buzzer and the alarm output, and, during an alarm, you press this key (long press), the buzzer will be muted and the alarm output will be disabled.

The buzzer and alarm output will be reactivated only if the RHT *Clumate* Transmitter goes into a non-alarm condition and then returns to an alarm condition.

The 🔫 key can have the following functions:

- No action.
- Clear minimum and maximum values.

If you configure the second key 💗 function to reset minimum and maximum values and, while viewing any minimum and maximum display screen, press this key (long touch), the minimum and maximum values of all psychrometric properties of the device will be reset.

The Backlight mode of operation can operate in the following ways:

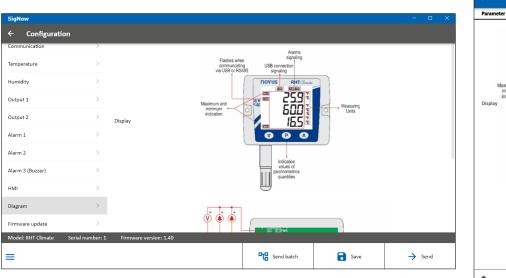
- Off: The display backlight remains off.
- On: The display backlight remains on.
- On for 15 s: The backlight turns on whenever a key is pressed. If you don't press any key after 15 seconds, the backlight will automatically turn off.

The display allows you to adjust five levels of contrast, which makes it easier to visualize the display information from different viewing angles. To select the best angle, click on the desired angle value.

You can also define the quantity to be shown on the third line of the display, according to the options shown in the parameter 3rd Line Information.

11.7.8 DIAGRAM

This screen shows information about the display and the basic electrical connections of the device:



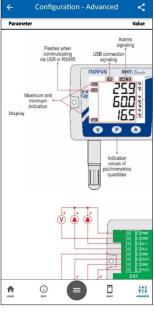


Figure 42 – Diagram screen

11.7.9 FIRMWARE UPDATE

This screen allows you to update the firmware of the device:

SigNow						×
← Configuration						
Communication >	RHT Climate (COM5) 🗸					
Temperature >						
Humidity >	C Search files					
Output 1 >	Check files online					
Output 2						
Alarm 1						
Alarm 2						
Alarm 3 (Buzzer)						
нмі >						
Diagram >						
Firmware update						
Model: RHT Climate Serial number:	L Firmware version: 1.40					
=		Send batch	Save	<i>→</i>	Send	

Figure 43 - Firmware update screen

The firmware update process is standard for all NOVUS devices linked to SigNow and can be viewed in detail in the software manual.

To update the firmware through the application, however, you must click on the **Firmware** button, located on the start screen, and then proceed in the same way, searching for the desired file or checking online for its existence.



Figure 44 – Firmware upgrade via app

11.8 PERFORMING THE DIAGNOSTICS

From the **SigNow** home screen, you can access the **Diagnostics** screen and monitor some device status. The information update interval is 1 second. In this section you can verify the correct operation of the **RHT** *Climate* **Transmitter** by forcing the temperature and relative humidity readings, the alarm outputs, and the buzzer.

SigNow			- ×
← Select dev	vice		
	ा दुर्थ पऽ8	Modbus TCP	Device List - USB
	R5485	ा । स्रिंग HART	

To access it, you must click **Diagnostics**, select the **USB** option, and then the connected device:

Figure 45 – Selecting a device

The above process should be disregarded if you are using SigNow app, since the app performs device recognition from the first moment of connection.

Then both the software and the app will read the current device configuration and present all available features, as shown in the figure below:

						← Diagnostic -	Advanced
SigNow					– 🗆 X	Parameter	Value
← Diagnostic	c					Relative Humidity	58.35 %
Device info	rmation	Relative Humidity	57.35 %	Temperature	25.93 °C	Temperature	25.82 °C
Product name	RHT Climate	Dew Point	16.79 °C	Wet Bulb Temperature	19.81 °C	Dew Point	16.92 °C
Serial number		Absolute Humidity	13.95 g/m ³	Frost Point	16.79 °C	Wet Bulb Temperature	19.89 °C
Forcir	-	Vapor Partial Pressure	19.26 mbar	Enthalpy	56.92 kJ/kg	Absolute Humidity	14.06 g/m³
 Input Output 	>	Mixture Ratio	12.05 g/kg			Frost Point	16.90 °C
🌣 Alarm	>					Input	>
						Output	
						Output	>
						Alarm	
						Alarm	>

Figure 46 – Device configuration screen

The diagnostic displays information about the instantaneous value of the psychrometric properties, presented to two decimal places. Additionally, accessing the **Input**, **Output**, and **Alarm** sections, available in the side menu, also allows you to force values with one decimal place.

In the Input section, you can enter the desired value and use the activation key (— → • •) to force temperature or relative humidity values.

In the **Output** section, you can enter the desired value and use the activation key ($\longrightarrow \rightarrow \textcircled{0}$) to force voltage or current values for outputs 1 and 2. The transmission mode (0-10 V or 4-20 mA) that will be forced on the outputs depends on the configuration applied to each of them (see <u>OUTPUTS 1 AND 2</u> section).

You can also force an error value to be transmitted by checking the **Min. Error** and **Max. Error**. These values depend on the mode (0-10 V or 4-20 mA) configured for each output.

In the Alarm section, you can force the alarm outputs to be on or off, as shown in the figure below:

	Figure 47 – Ford		
Buzzer	Turns On	Turns off	Status: Forced-off
Alarm Output 2	Turns On	✓ Turns off	Status: Forced-off
Alarm Output 1	Turns On	Turns off	Status: Forced-on

In some cases, it is possible that an alarm output is activated due to an alarm condition. Thus, it may be desirable to force the off status to be able to identify some failure in the wiring or in the configuration of the device.

12 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

SPECIFICATIONS		RHT Climate Transmitter					
Humidity measurement	-	 Configurable: Between 0 % RH and 100 % RH (no condensing). Configurable: Between -90 °C at 100 °C in dew point. 					
_	Response time (1/e (63 %)): < 4 seconds	a @25 °C (with air moving at 1 m/s and p	olyamide tip)				
Temperature measurement	Measuring Range: • DM model: -40 °C to 100 °C. • WM model: -40 °C to 60 °C.						
	Response time (1/e (63 %)): < 5 seconds	a @25 ℃ (with air moving at 1 m/s and p	olyamide tip).				
Accuracy	• Temperature ¹ : $\pm 0.4 \degree C (0 \degree C to 60 \degree C)$. • Relative Humidity: See image below. • $100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 $						
	TEMPERATURE [°C]						
	Other error sources:	Humidity	Temperature				
	Degradation over time	< 0.5 % RH / year	< 0.05 °C / year				
	Reproducibility	Included in the figure above	± 0.1 °C				
	Thermal drift	0.05 % RH / °C	Does not apply				
	Note 1: When performing a transmitter of calibration uncertainty must be added to the	alibration through a Metrology Lab, it is he product accuracy.	necessary to consider that the				
Power supply	 Power supply via PWR terminals: 12 Vdc to 30 Vdc. Power supply via USB cable: 4.75 Vdc to 5.25 Vdc. Internal protection against power supply voltage reverse polarity. 						
Maximum power supply current	< 70 mA ±10 % @ 24 Vdc						
ມີມະ / Output ມີມະ2 Output	They may be configured independently to operate with signals 0-10 V or 4-20 mA. Output Outp						
RLā I Alarm RLā2 Alarm	 Channel N 30 V / 200 mA type output. Protection against overcurrent > 200 mA. Overcurrent protection reset time: 5 seconds. 						
Buzzer sound intensity	Approximately 70 dB at a distance of 1 m.						
Protection rating	 Electronic module housing: IP65. Sensor capsule: IP40 or IP20, accord (optional). 		with the device) or polyamide				
Cable entrance	Cable gland PG7.						

SPECIFICATIONS	RHT <i>Climate</i> Transmitter			
Housing	S+PC			
Configurator Software	 SigNow software, compatible with Windows 10 or higher. SigNow app, compatible with Android and iOS smartphones. 			
Certifications	CE Mark / UKCA This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case is user may be required to take adequate measures.			

 Table 68 –
 Technical specifications

13 WARRANTY

Warranty conditions are available on our website www.novusautomation.com/warranty.

14 APPENDIX I – NOTIONS ABOUT PSYCHROMETRY

Psychrometry is the study of thermodynamic properties of dry air and water vapor mixtures. Obtaining the psychrometric properties is crucial in the psychrometric processes of air conditioning, refrigeration, cooling and freezing, air humidification and dehumidification, drying and dehydration of humid devices, as well as in environmental and meteorological control.

The psychrometric properties provided by the RHT *Climate* Transmitter are:

- Dry Bulb Temperature
- Relative Humidity
- Dew Point Temperature
- Wet Bulb Temperature
- Absolute Humidity

Dry Bulb Temperature [°C] or [°F]:

Frost Point Temperature

- Specific Enthalpy
- Partial Vapor Pressure
- Mixture Ratio

It is simply the temperature of the air and water vapor mixture surrounding the thermometer.

Relative Humidity [%RH]:

Relative humidity expresses the percentage of water vapor contained in a certain amount of air. When the air reaches 100% relative humidity, it will have reached its maximum water absorption capacity. In this condition, the air is said to be saturated and water vapor condensation starts to be evident on the surfaces surrounded by this mixture.

Dew Point Temperature [°C] or [°F]:

The dew point is defined as the temperature to which the air must be cooled for water condensation to begin, meaning for the air to be saturated with water vapor. At dew point temperature, the amount of water vapor present in the air is maximum.

The capacity to retain water by air is heavily dependent on temperature: warm air can retain more water. The dew point is typically used to represent the amount of water vapor in dry air or gas. At low humidity, changes in dew point temperature are greater than changes in relative humidity, allowing for greater measurement precision and control.

Wet Bulb Temperature [°C] or [°F]:

The wet bulb temperature is measured by a thermometer with bulb covered by a mesh (usually cotton) that is submerged in a recipient containing distilled water. Water evaporation draws out heat from the bulb, making the wet bulb thermometer indicate a temperature lower than the ambient air. Evaporation consumes heat, causing cooling. This evaporation, and consequently the wet bulb temperature, is greater when the atmospheric air is drier, and is null when the atmosphere is saturated with water vapor (relative air humidity equal to 100%).

Absolute humidity [g/m³] or [gr/ft³]:

Absolute humidity expresses the mass of water vapor contained in each volume. If all the water of one cubic meter of air is condensed in a vessel, this vessel will contain all the absolute humidity of that portion of air and the amount of condensed water can be weighed to quantify the absolute humidity.

Frost Point Temperature [°C] or [°F]:

The frost point temperature is the temperature to which air must be cooled, with constant pressure, to reach saturation (in relation to liquid water) and to settle in the form of frost on a surface.

Specific enthalpy [kJ/kg] or [BTU/lb]:

It is the energy contained in moist air by the amount of dry air. For a given mass of air to occupy a given volume at a given pressure, this occurs at the expense of energy. The higher the relative air humidity, the higher its specific enthalpy will be.

Partial Vapor Pressure [mbar] or [psi]:

The partial pressure of a gas in a gaseous mixture of ideal gases corresponds to the pressure that it would exert if it were occupying the whole container alone, at the same temperature as the ideal mixture. As such, the total pressure is calculated via the sum of partial pressures of the gases that make up the mixture.

Mixture Ratio [g/kg] or [gr/lb]:

The mixture ratio is expressed as the ratio of the mass of water vapor per kilogram of dry air into any portion of the atmosphere separated for study. The mixture ratio varies with temperature, except if the temperature is lower than the dew point, or when the air is completely saturated with water vapor. In these conditions, the drop in temperature will cause forced water condensation.